IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF ARIZONA
IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF MARICOPA
IN RE THE GENERAL ADJUDICATION | W-1 (Salt)

IN RE THE GENERAL ADJUDICATION OF ALL RIGHTS TO USE WATER IN THE GILA RIVER SYSTEM AND SOURCE W-1 (Salt) W-2 (Verde)

W-3 (Upper Gila)

W-4 (San Pedro) (Consolidated)

NO. W1-106

ORDER FOR PRODUCTION OF A SUBFLOW ZONE DELINEATION TECHNICAL REPORT FOR THE VERDE RIVER WATERSHED

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CASE NAME: In re Subflow Technical Report, Verde River Watershed.

HSR INVOLVED: None.

DESCRIPTIVE SUMMARY: Pursuant to A.R.S. § 45-256(A), the Special Master requests technical assistance from the Arizona Department of Water Resources to prepare a map of and report about the subflow zone of the Verde River Watershed.

NUMBER OF PAGES: 5.

DATE OF FILING: November 27, 2017.

24

This Order initiates the case that will delineate the subflow zone in the Verde River Watershed. Pursuant to A.R.S. § 45-256(A), Arizona Department of Water Resources (ADWR) is requested to develop a map of and a technical report regarding the subflow zone of the perennial and intermittent streams in the Verde River Watershed. The map shall also include the subflow zone of ephemeral reaches of perennial and intermittent streams if: (1) anthropological surface water diversions or groundwater pumping caused that portion of the perennial or intermittent stream to become ephemeral; and (2) a saturated zone exists beneath the ephemeral reach that is connected to the saturated zone beneath the adjoining perennial or intermittent reaches. In conjunction with the map prepared in accordance with existing legal guidelines, ADWR shall prepare a technical report that describes the methodology and includes its analysis of the designation of the subflow zone.

In Gila IV,<sup>2</sup> the Arizona Supreme Court held that the saturated floodplain Holocene alluvium defines the subflow zone. For purposes of its methodology applied to the Verde River Watershed, ADWR shall assume that the entire lateral extent of the floodplain Holocene alluvium is saturated. The subflow zone must be delineated as a continuous zone. Minute Entry, Contested Case W1-103, October 12, 2012, p. 5. It must accurately reflect the full extent of the floodplain Holocene alluvium including any portion covered by alluvial

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> For purposes of the map and technical report, ADWR shall use the definitions of perennial, intermittent and ephemeral streams set forth in Judge Goodfarb's June 30, 1994 Order. Perennial streams have a continuous flow of water throughout the year. Direct runoff from precipitation and baseflow from the discharge of groundwater from an aquifer normally supply perennial streams. Intermittent streams have a seasonal flow of water which can continue for a long consecutive period of time during a given season. Ephemeral streams experience flow only in response to precipitation and do not have a baseflow component at any time during the year.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> In re the General Adjudication of All Rights to Use Water in the Gila River System and Source, 198 Ariz. 330, 334, 9 P.3d 1069, 1073 (2000), cert. denied sub nom. Phelps Dodge Corp. v. U.S., 533 U.S. 941 (2001) ("Gila IV").

fans. *Id.* at p. 2, ¶9. Surficial exposures of geologic units should not be the sole criterion to identify the lateral boundaries of the floodplain Holocene alluvium. Where necessary to accurately define the boundaries of the floodplain Holocene alluvium, ADWR shall use the criteria specified in *Gila IV*, appropriate geological and hydrological criteria, vegetation patterns, aerial photography, topographic soil breaks and its professional judgment.

The subflow zone will remain as narrow as the saturated floodplain Holocene alluvium. It cannot include the alluvial plains of a tributary aquifer or of an ephemeral stream except as specifically permitted above with respect to ephemeral reaches of perennial and intermittent streams. Order, June 30, 1994, affirmed in all respects in *Gila IV*. It also cannot include areas of basin fill recharge. To avoid this result, ADWR shall apply the setback rules adopted by Judge Goodfarb and subsequently supplemented by Judge Ballinger, which include:

- 1. Where there are connecting tributary aquifers or floodplain alluvium of ephemeral streams, the boundary of the subflow zone must be at least 200 feet inside of that connecting zone except the 200-foot setback may not be used in those locations that ADWR identifies as subsurface floodplain Holocene alluvium.
  - 2. No setback assumptions shall be applied in bedrock canyons.
- 3. When a hydraulic connection exists between the underground flow associated with tributary and surface flow of the primary watercourse, the following adjustments are permitted:
- a. A 100-foot setback shall be applied except for large ephemeral streams that have relatively frequent surface and underground flow.

b. The setbacks may not exclude portions of the active river channel.

c. Where setbacks cross or where basin fill is adjacent to the active channel, use the active channel to continue the subflow zone.

Minute Entry, Contested Case W1-103, dated October 12, 2012, p. 4.

ADWR shall determine the subflow zone based on conditions existing in the earliest year or during "a range of years immediately prior to regular, discernable diversion or depletion of stream flows resulting from human activity" for which reliable and reasonably complete data exists. *Order*, Contested Case W1-103, dated September 5, 2005, p. 21.

IT IS ORDERED initiating this case which shall be known as *In re Subflow Technical Report, Verde River Watershed,* Case No. W1-106. The initial Court-approved mailing list for this case shall include all persons listed on the Gila River Adjudication Court-Approved Mailing List.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that ADWR shall prepare a map delineating the subflow zone for the Verde River Watershed. ADWR shall submit the map, a description of its methodology and its results in a technical report whose scope will be limited to delineating the subflow zone.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that upon filing the technical report with the Court, ADWR shall send a notice to all Claimants in the Verde River Watershed and to the persons listed on the Court-Approved Mailing List for this case informing them of the availability of the report and of a Claimant's right to file written objections to the report and of the deadline for filing objections. Any Claimant in the Verde River Watershed may file objections to

ADWR's technical report within one hundred and eighty (180) days of the date on which the report is filed. Objections shall be limited to ADWR's findings regarding the lateral extent of the subflow zone. This case will not determine proposed water right attributes for any individual water right claim or use.

Filed this 27th day of November, 2017.

SUSAN WARD HARRIS

Special Master

The original report was filed with the Clerk of the Maricopa County Superior Court on November 27, 2017, and was delivered to the Distribution Center for mailing to the persons listed on the Court-Approved Mailing List